

America's Hebraic Heritage And Roots
America's Hebraic Heritage – The Divine Pattern And Prophetic Numbers

1. The Lord works in patterns. Passover, Pentecost and all the feasts had patterns that were fulfilled in Christ.
2. The tabernacle had three main areas:
 - a. The outer court had two pieces – the brass altar and the laver of water
 - b. The inner court had three pieces: the menorah, the table of showbread and the golden altar
 - c. The Holy Of Holies had one piece – the Ark of the Covenant.
3. There were five main pieces of furniture with five main substances used in their ministry.
4. The brazen altar – FIRE was the main substance.
5. The brass laver – WATER was the main substance.
6. The Menorah – OIL was the main substance
7. The Table of Showbread – WHEAT and GRAINS were the main substances
8. The Golden Altar – COALS AND SPICES were the main substances
9. The Ark of the Covenant – GOLD was the chief substance.
10. The tabernacle represented the heavenly Temple, where the Almighty is worshipped. It was the center of Israel's worship.
11. The only entrance to the tabernacle was on the east. When the colonists came across the Atlantic, they landed on America's EAST coast. America's historic entrance has always been the EAST coast.
12. The pattern of the tabernacle will not happen on any other nation on earth than America.
13. Moving from east to west the brazen altar is over the area of Tennessee and the edge of Kentucky and Virginia. Fire was the central feature on the brazen altar. This area of America experienced dynamic revivals before and after the Civil War that impacted the nation. Great revivals burned in Kentucky in the 1800s. The first major outpouring of the Holy Spirit actually took place in America, not on Azusa Street, but in Murphy, North Carolina in 1896. Just outside Cleveland, TN, a group of Baptists were baptized in the Holy Spirit. From their experience the Christian Union was formed, which became the Church of God, headquarters in Cleveland, Tn.
14. If we continue on a straight line, the next piece of furniture is the brass laver filled with water. On a map of America, the laver would rest over the area where the Mississippi River flows. The mighty barges with shipping material provide irrigation for thousands of farmers. The main substance of the laver was WATER and America's waterway is situated in the same area, as the laver would be if the design of the tabernacle were overlaid on our map.
15. The next piece of furniture is the golden candlestick called the menorah. The main substance is OIL. Looking west from east it

would be on your left or “SOUTH” and correspond to the Texas and Oklahoma area of the country! These are America’s two major oil-producing states. The oil in the menorah was used to light the seven branches of the candlestick. The oil from Texas and Oklahoma is used to produce energy.

16. Looking north, we see the table of shewbread where bread made from Israeli-grown wheat was placed. The showbread would sit basically on the states of Kansas and Nebraska and the Dakotas – known as “the breadbasket” of America!
17. Continuing westward we see the golden altar made of hot coals of fire and the incense. The incense used in Moses’ time was red and contained eleven different types of spices. Some of the incense of the ancient Temple was discovered in Qumran, Israel. It incense had a deep red color and contained ten of the 11 spices of the Temple incense. The state of Colorado was named after the Colorado River. Spanish explorers named the river Colorado because it means “reddish colored.” Hot coals had to be used on the altar to burn the incense, and Colorado, was known for its coal deposits.
18. Continuing past the altar of incense we see the veil, which would sit on America’s continental divide! The continental divide is an imaginary line that marks the highest regions in the country.
19. The Holy of Holies is the most important areas of the tabernacle and was made of pure gold. It sits in the area of California, Oregon and Washington – three states known for one thing – GOLD!
20. America was founded to be a light to the nations for the gospel and a protector of Israel!

Prophetic Numbers

1. The number 13 is a very important number in the life of Jewish male. On the 13th day plus one day he is inducted into manhood by a ceremony known as the Bar Mitzvah. Christ’s youth is described in Luke 2:42-47 debating the scribes and teacher in the Temple at age 12. It was customary at that age for young men to be discussing the Law and questioning their elders as they prepared for their transition into manhood.
2. Israel had 13 tribes although we usually hear the number 12. Jacob had 12 sons, yet his son LEVI did not receive an inheritance with Israel and wealth because he was the lineage to serve in the Temple. Joseph’s two sons were Ephraim and Manasseh. They were counted among the 12 sons of Jacob. There were THIRTEEN tribes who entered into the Promised Land.
3. Early America had 13 colonies in the same way Israel had 13 tribes. There was one colony called Virginia, the Old Dominion, named after the Virgin Queen Elizabeth I. From there formed the other 12.

4. THIRTEEN IS A KEY NUMBER FOR AMERICA!

- a. There were 13 colonies
 - b. There are 13 stripes on our flag
 - c. The number 13 is also used on our dollar bill:
 - I. There are 13 steps on the pyramid
 - II. There are 13 letters in “Annuit Coeptis,” the Latin above the pyramid
 - III. There are 13 letters in “E Pluribus Unum”
 - IV. There are 13 stars above the eagle
 - V. There are 13 plumes of feathers on each span of the eagles’ wings
 - VI. There are 13 bars on the shield
 - VII. There are 13 leaves on the olive branch
5. The 30th year – Jesus began his ministry at age 30. The age 30 is considered to be an age of maturity and spirituality. Some 30 years after the Declaration of Independence was signed, a great revival broke out in America. Between 1800 and 1810, revival spread throughout the east coast and all the states. Just as Levite priests first entered God’s presence at age 30, our nation began experiencing powerful revival – at the age of 30!
6. The number 50 – At the age of 50 a priest could retire (Num. 4:39). Every 50 years marked a jubilee year in Israel. The silver trumpets were blasted as liberty was proclaimed throughout Israel. America has FIFTY states. In 1701, William Penn signed Pennsylvania’s Charter. Some 50 years later a commemorative bell was cast, known as the Liberty Bell. The passage of scripture engraved on the Liberty Bell is the same declaration of Moses in Lev. 25:10 concerning Israel’s 50th year of Jubilee. The man who chose the scripture for the bell you may ask? A man by the name of ISAAC Norris!
7. Israel is known as the “land of the covenant,” America shares the same name – “lands of the covenant.”

Emblems of the Tribes in Washington D.C.

The Israelites traveled in an orderly fashion. They journeyed in four groups, each comprised of three tribes and assigned a position east, west, and north and south of the tabernacle.

Judah was to the east, Reuben to the South, Dan to the north and Manasseh to the west. Judah was the largest with 186,400 (Numbers 2:9). To the south, Reuben was the second largest camp with 151,450 (Numbers 2:16). To the north, Dan had 157,600 men (Numbers 2:31). To the west was Manasseh (along with Ephraim and Benjamin) was 108,100 (Numbers 2:18-

24). Each tribe had a particular emblem with a seal of its identity. Judah's was a lion, Reuben was a man, Dan was an eagle, and Manasseh's was an ox, or a bull.

Jerusalem was the capital of Israel's government and life and was located in the center of the nation. Washington D.C. is right in the center of the original 13 colonies with Georgia to the south and Massachusetts to the north.

Situated at the north of the central camp was Dan, whose emblem was an eagle. To the north of the Washington Mall stands the white house. The man occupying that house is the President whose official seal is THE EAGLE!

To the east was Judah, whose emblem was the lion. To the east of the mall stands the CAPITOL where a fountain with four stone LIONS sit and represent the authority of the lawmakers. Judah's emblem was a lion! (gen. 49;10)

To the south was Reuben, whose emblem was a man. The Thomas Jefferson Memorial sits south of the Washington mall. Jefferson was a deist and a Unitarian and didn't believe in God. He was the ultimate humanist who denied creation and believed man was in charge of his own affairs, not God. Thus the fitting emblem of man sits in the same place as Jefferson's memorial. It was Reuben who forgot God's law and tried to act upon his own will and strength as Jefferson did.

TO the west of the camp was Ephraim, who emblem was a bull or an ox. The Lincoln Memorial stands on the western part of the Mall. Mr. Lincoln is the only president who shared his name with the founder of the nation of Israel – Abraham. The ongoing legacy of Lincoln was his leadership during the Civil War. The first battle of the Civil War was fought at BULL RUN and forever changed this nation.

The four major tribal emblems coincide with the design of our capitol Washington, D.C. The layout of both the nation and our capitol were drawn up in the mind of God to remind us that our destiny with Israel is eternally twined!